COASTSIDE COUNTY WATER DISTRICT BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES JUNE 30, 2015



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Elected Officials and Administrative Personnel

2015 BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Chris Mickelsen – President Arnie Glassberg – Vice President Ken Coverdell – Director Steve Flint – Director Glenn Reynolds – Director

MANAGEMENT

David Dickson – General Manager Mary Rogren – Assistant General Manager

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors of the Coastside County Water District Half Moon Bay, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Coastside County Water District (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. The prior year comparative total information has been derived from the District's fiscal year 2014 basic financial statements and, in our report dated February 2, 2015 we expressed an unqualified opinion on those financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

To the Board of Directors of the Coastside County Water District Half Moon Bay, California Page 2

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the District, as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3–9, the District's Schedules of Contributions on pages 40-41, and the Schedules of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability on pages 42-43 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements.

The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Implementation of New Accounting Standards

As disclosed in the Note 1(I) to the financial statements, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, and GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68, during the fiscal year 2015.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 29, 2016 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

JJACPA, Inc. Dublin, CA

Management's Discussion and Analysis

This section of Coastside County Water District's basic financial statements presents management's discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. Since this management's discussion and analysis is designed to focus on current activities, resulting change and current known facts, please read it in conjunction with the District's basic financial statements (pages 12 - 14) and the footnotes (pages 15 - 38).

Financial Highlights

At June 30, 2015, the District's net position, before prior period adjustments, increased \$938,286 as compared to \$816,757 in year ending June 30, 2014. Operating revenues increased by \$276,078 over prior year primarily due to a water rate increase which became effective July 1, 2014. Operating expenses increased by \$388,300 primarily due to increases in depreciation expense, administrative, and transmission and distribution expenses.

At June 30, 2015, the District's overall net position decreased \$2,163,725 from \$37,148,654 in 2014 to \$34,984,929 primarily due to a \$3,102,011 prior period accounting adjustment to reflect the implementation of GASB 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting of Pensions," and GASB 65, which requires expensing of debt issuance costs. GASB 68 requires the District to account for and present net pension liability on the Statement of Net Position.

Using This Report

In December 1998, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) released statement No. 33, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions, which revised the reporting of property tax revenue. In June 1999, GASB released statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements -- and Management's Discussion and Analysis -- for State and Local Governments. Changes in Statement No. 34 require a comprehensive one-line look at the entity as a whole and capitalization of assets and depreciation for agencies not reporting on the accrual basis of accounting. Since the District has historically reported all activities in enterprise funds in a manner similar to business activities and followed the accrual basis of accounting, the District merely has been required to reclassify certain balances to utilize the new Statement No. 34 terminology. There were no major reconciling items necessary or elimination of balances due to the implementation of Statement No. 34.

The annual financial statements include the Independent Auditors' Report, this management's discussion and analysis, the basic financial statements, and notes to the basic financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

Net Position As of June 30, 2015 and 2014

		2015		2014		Increase (Decrease)	Percent Change
Current assets	\$	4,025,120	\$	3,937,514	\$	87,606	2.2%
Non-current assets		47,332,394		46,949,869		382,525	0.8%
Deferred outflows of resources		415,861				415,861	100%
Total assets and deferred outflows		51,773,375		50,887,383		885,992	1.7%
Current liabilities		1,108,490		1,101,494		6,996	0.6%
Non-current liabilities		15,074,554		12,637,235		2,437,319	19.3%
Deferred inflows of resources		605,402				605,402	100%
Total liabilities and deferred inflows		16,788,446		13,738,729		3,049,717	22.2%
Net position:							
Net investment in capital assets		35,239,512		34,494,009		745,503	2.2%
Restricted		660,341		623,447		36,894	5.9%
Unrestricted (deficit)		(914,924)		2,031,198		(2,946,122)	(145.0)%
Total net position	\$	34,984,929	\$	37,148,654	\$	(2,163,725)	(5.8)%

This schedule is prepared from the District's Statement of Net Position (page 12), which is presented on the accrual basis of accounting, whereby revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Operating revenues in the Statement of Activities are those revenues that are generated from the primary operations of the District. All other revenues are reported as non-operating revenues. Operating expenses are those expenses that are essential to the primary operations of the District. All other expenses are reported as non-operating expenses.

As can be seen from the table above, net position at June 30, 2015, decreased to \$34,984,929 from \$37,148,654 in 2014. The decrease in net position was primarily due to the implementation of GASB 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions."

The pension related entries on the Statement of Net Position include:

Deferred outflows of resources	\$ 415,861
Net pension liability	(2,620,900)
Deferred inflows of resources	 (605,402)
	\$ (2,810,441)

Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole, Continued

Operating results are summarized as follows:

Operating Results
For the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014

	2015 2014		Increase (Decrease)	Percent Change	
Operating revenues Operating expenses	\$ 8,651,514 8,466,331	\$ 8,375,436 8,078,031	\$ 276,078 388,300	3.3% 4.8%	
Operating income (loss)	185,183	297,405	(112,222)	(37.7)%	
Non-operating revenues Non-operating expenses	1,501,899 (748,796)	1,327,745 (808,393)	174,154 59,597	13.1% (7.4)%	
Net income before contributions	938,286	816,757	121,529	14.9%	
Change in net position	938,286	816,757	121,529	14.9%	
Net position:					
Beginning of year	37,148,654	36,331,897	816,757	2.2%	
Prior period adjustment	(3,102,011)	-	(3,102,011)	(100)%	
Beginning, as adjusted	34,046,643	36,331,897	(2,285,254)	100%	
End of year	\$ 34,984,929	\$ 37,148,654	\$ (2,163,725)	(5.8)%	

Net income for fiscal year 2015 was \$938,286, an increase of \$121,529 over 2014.

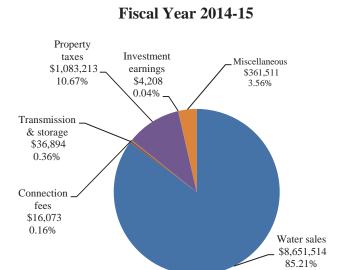
Net position for fiscal year 2015 includes a prior period adjustment of \$3,102,011 to reflect the implementation of GASB 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting of Pensions," and GASB 65 which requires expensing of debt issuance costs.

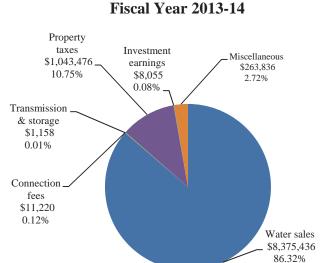
Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole, Continued

The following is a graphic illustration of revenues by source:

Revenues by Source Both Operating & Non-Operating





Increase

 FY 2014	4-2015		FY 2013-2	014	ecrease)
\$ 8,651,514	85.2%	Water sales	\$ 8,375,436	86.4%	\$ 276,078
36,894	0.4%	Transmission & storage fees	1,158	0.0%	35,736
16,073	0.2%	Connection fees	11,220	0.1%	4,853
1,083,213	10.7%	Property taxes	1,043,476	10.8%	39,737
4,208	0.0%	Investment earnings	8,055	0.1%	(3,847)
361,511	3.6%	Miscellaneous	 263,836	2.7%	97,675
\$ 10,153,413	100.0%	Totals	\$ 9,703,181	100.0%	\$ 450,232

Water sales increased \$276,078 due to a rate increase for fiscal year 2014-15, approved by the Board of Directors. Transmission and storage fees increased \$35,736 due to sales of priority Crystal Springs connections. Property taxes increased by \$39,737 primarily due to San Mateo County's method of calculating and distributing funds. Miscellaneous Income increased \$97,675 primarily due to receipt of insurance proceeds attributable to the District office fire that occurred in fiscal year 2013-2014.

Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole, Continued

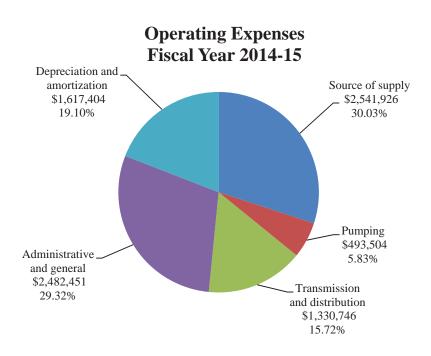
Operating expenses increased by \$388,300 as detailed below:

Operating Expenses
For the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014

	2015		2014		Increase Decrease)	Percent Change
Operating expenses:						
Source of supply	\$	2,541,926	\$	2,756,043	\$ (214,117)	(7.8)%
Pumping		493,804		447,585	46,219	10.3%
Transmission and distribution		1,330,746		1,227,772	102,974	8.4%
Administrative and general		2,482,451		2,295,750	186,701	8.1%
Depreciation and amortization expense		1,617,404		1,350,881	 266,523	19.7%
Total	\$	8,466,331	\$	8,078,031	\$ 388,300	4.8%

Source of supply decreased \$214,117 primarily due to lower water usage caused by drought related conservation efforts. Pumping expenses increased \$46,219 due to increased pumping from the Crystal Springs supply source given the decreased availability of water from Pilarcitos Reservoir. Transmission and distribution expenses increased \$102,974 due to increased maintenance and to increases in field staff salaries. Administrative and general expense increased \$186,701 primarily due to increases in expenditures for consulting services, water shortage programs, community outreach, and salaries and related costs.

The following is a graphic illustration of operating expenses:



Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole, Continued

Net position decreased by \$2,163,725 as detailed below:

Analysis of Net Position As of June 30, 2015 and 2014

	2015	2014	 Increase (Decrease)	Percent Change	
Net position:					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 35,239,512	\$ 34,494,009	\$ 745,503	2.2%	
Restricted					
Crystal Springs Project	410,341	373,447	36,894	9.9%	
Rate Stabilization	250,000	250,000	-	0.0%	
Unrestricted (deficit)	(914,924)	2,031,198	(2,946,122)	(145.0)%	
Total	\$ 34,984,929	\$ 37,148,654	\$ (2,163,725)	(5.8)%	

The change in net position is primarily due to the implementation of GASB 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions" and GASB 65, which requires expensing of debt issuance costs.

Cash Flows

Net cash increased by \$46,987 primarily the result of increased water sales revenue and lower payments to suppliers.

Long-term Debt

The District's long term debt decreased by a net amount of \$362,978. This was a result of principal repayment and amortization of bond discounts during fiscal year 2014-15.

Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

Economic Factors and Potential Future Results

On April 1, 2015, Governor Brown issued Executive Order B-29-15 imposing restrictions to achieve a statewide 25% reduction in potable urban water usage due to the drought. In response to Governor Brown's Order, effective June 1, 2015, the District was mandated by the State Water Resources Control Board to reduce water consumption by 8% over 2013 levels. At minimum, these mandated water use restrictions are anticipated to be in place through October, 2016. After the drought eases, water use is expected to increase slowly as a result of continuing water conservation efforts. This trend, combined with a series of significant increases in the wholesale water rate charged by the San Francisco Public Utilities Commission and the need to finance essential infrastructure maintenance and replacement, will increase the District's revenue requirements in the future. The District has generally raised rates on an annual basis to meet revenue requirements and will continue to do so subject to approval by the Board of Directors and in consideration of Proposition 218 requirements.

Contacting the District

This financial report is designed to provide our customers and creditors a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's fiscal accountability. If you have questions about this report, contact:

Coastside County Water District 766 Main Street Half Moon Bay, CA 94019

Phone (650) 726 4405 Fax (650) 726 5245

David R. Dickson, General Manager Mary Rogren, Assistant General Manager This page intentionally left blank.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Coastside County Water District Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2015

(with comparative totals for June 30, 2014)

		2015		2014
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and investments	\$	2,147,297	\$	2,100,310
Restricted cash and investments		647,879		609,427
Accounts receivable:				
Customer water		939,558		829,902
Taxes		14,134		14,389
Interest		5,828		13,063
Prepaid expenses		58,936		20,544
Materials and supplies inventory		178,215		188,000
Unamortized bond issuance costs		33,273		161,879
Total current assets		4,025,120		3,937,514
Non-current assets:				
Capital assets:				
Construction in progress		3,118,869		5,339,190
Utility plant		71,278,246		67,427,654
Less accumulated depreciation		(27,064,721)		(25,816,975)
Total non-current assets	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	47,332,394		46,949,869
Total assets		51,357,514		50,887,383
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Pension plan		415,861		_
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	51,773,375	\$	50,887,383
LIABILITIES		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	413,241	\$	431,685
Accrued payroll	Ψ	143,695	Ψ	124,412
Customer deposits		44,586		42,949
Interest payable		134,659		139,470
Due within one year		372,309		362,978
Total current liabilities		1,108,490		1,101,494
Non-current liabilities:				· · · · · ·
Due after one year		11,720,573		12,092,882
Net OPEB obligation		635,895		456,029
Accrued vacation and sick leave		97,186		88,324
Net pension liability		2,620,900		-
Total non-current liabilities		15,074,554		12,637,235
Total liabilities		16,183,044		13,738,729
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Pension plan		605,402		-
Total deferred inflows of resources		605,402		-
NET POSITION				_
Net investment in capital assets		35,239,512		34,494,009
Restricted for:				
Crystal Springs Project		410,341		373,447
Rate Stabilization		250,000		250,000
Unrestricted		(914,924)		2,031,198
Total Net Position		34,984,929		37,148,654
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net				
position	\$	51,773,375		50,887,383
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The accompanying notes are an integral part of these basic financial statements.

Coastside County Water District

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

For the year ended June 30, 2015

(with comparative totals for the year ended June 30, 2014)

	 2015	 2014
OPERATING REVENUES:		
Water sales	\$ 8,651,514	\$ 8,375,436
OPERATING EXPENSES:		
Source of supply	2,541,926	2,756,043
Pumping	493,804	447,585
Transmission and distribution	1,330,746	1,227,772
Administrative and general	2,482,451	2,295,750
Depreciation and amortization	 1,617,404	1,350,881
Total operating expenses	 8,466,331	 8,078,031
Operating income	 185,183	297,405
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):		
Property taxes	1,083,213	1,043,476
Investment earnings	4,208	8,055
Transmission and storage fees	36,894	1,158
Connection fees	16,073	11,220
Miscellaneous income	361,511	263,836
Collection fees	(16,835)	(10,343)
Net OPEB expense	(179,866)	(160,406)
Interest expense	(456,780)	(637,644)
Loss on disposal of capital assets	(40,602)	-
Miscellaneous expense	 (54,713)	
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	 753,103	 519,352
Net Income	938,286	816,757
NET POSITION:		
Net position - beginning	37,148,654	36,331,897
Prior period adjustment	(3,102,011)	-
Net position - beginning, as adjusted	34,046,643	-
Net position - ending	\$ 34,984,929	\$ 37,148,654

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these basic financial statements.

Coastside County Water District

Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended June 30, 2015

(with comparative amounts for the year ended June 30, 2014)

		2015		2014
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Receipts from customers	\$	8,542,113	\$	8,398,186
Payments to suppliers		(5,105,730)		(5,052,123)
Payments to employees		(1,925,397)		(1,599,974)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		1,510,986		1,746,089
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Property taxes received net of collection fees		1,066,378		1,033,133
Miscellaneous receipts		361,511		173,624
Miscellaneous payments		(54,713)		_
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities		1,373,176		1,206,757
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Change in restricted cash and investments		(38,452)		(3,064)
Transmission and storage fee receipts		36,894		1,158
Connection fee receipts		16,073		11,220
Principal and interest payments on long-term debt		(826,817)		(1,106,939)
Acquisition of capital assets		(2,036,316)		(1,874,942)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities		(2,848,618)		(2,972,567)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				
Interest received on investments		11,443		9,628
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		11,443		9,628
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		46,987		(10,093)
CASH:				
Beginning of year	-	2,100,310		2,110,403
End of year	\$	2,147,297	\$	2,100,310
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net				
cash provided (used) by operating activities:	Φ.	107.100	Φ.	205 105
Operating income	\$	185,183	\$	297,405
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash				
provided (used) by operating activities:		1 (17 404		1 250 001
Depreciation and amortization expense		1,617,404		1,350,881
Pension plan		(164,931)		-
Change in assets and liabilities:		(100 401)		22.750
Accounts receivable		(109,401)		22,750
Materials and supplies		9,785		(2.402)
Prepaid expenses Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(38,392) (18,444)		(3,402)
Accounts payable and accrued habilities Accrued payroll		19,283		51,125
Customer deposits		19,283		32,210
Accrued vacation and sick leave		1,637 8,862		(5,960) 1,080
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	1,510,986	\$	1,746,089

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these basic financial statements.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of Coastside County Water District (District) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental enterprises classified as proprietary fund types. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The reports are based on all applicable GASB pronouncements as well as applicable Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board Opinions, and Accounting Review Boards of the Committee on Accounting Procedure issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. When applicable, certain prior year amounts have been reclassified to conform to current year presentation. The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

A. Description of the Reporting Entity

The District is organized under the Water Code provisions of the general laws of the State of California and is governed by a five-member Board of Directors elected at large by the registered voters of the District. The District is located along the Pacific Ocean in San Mateo County; it purchases more than half of its water supply from the San Francisco Water Department. The balance is developed from local sources, including surface diversion and wells. Water is distributed to customers inside and outside the District's boundaries.

Oversight responsibility, the ability to conduct independent financial affairs, issue debt instruments, approve budgets, and otherwise influence operations and account for fiscal matters is exercised by the District's Board of Directors. The District is a separate reporting entity for financial reporting purposes and the accompanying financial statements reflect the assets, liabilities, net position, revenues, and expenses of the District only.

As defined by GASB Statements No. 14 and 39, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, the District is not financially accountable for any other entity other than itself, nor are there any other entities for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

In addition, based upon the above criteria, the District is not aware of any entity which would be financially accountable for the District which would result in the District being considered a component of the entity.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements, Continued

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

B. Fund Accounting Classification and Basis of Accounting

On the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net position, business-like activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of net income, financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. Fund equity is classified as net position.

District funds are classified as enterprise funds, which account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges. The acquisition and capital improvement of the physical plant facilities required to provide these goods and services are financed from existing cash resources, the issuance of bonds, and cash flow from operations.

C. Cash and Investments

For the purposes of the Statement of Net position and Statement of Cash Flows, "cash equivalents and investments" includes all demand, savings accounts, and certificates of deposits or short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

Fair value is based on quoted market price. Additional cash and investment disclosures are presented in Note 2.

D. Capital Assets

Capital assets are carried at cost or estimated cost if actual cost was not available. Contributed capital assets are valued at their estimated fair value on the date contributed.

Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis using the following useful life schedule:

Water treatment plant and pipelines 22-50 years
Buildings 23-33 years
Furniture and equipment 10 years
Vehicles 5 years

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements, Continued

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

E. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District has only one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. It is the deferred charge on pension plan contributions on the statement of net position.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one item reported as a deferred inflow of resources. The deferred inflow of resources is the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments and is reported on the statement of net position.

F. Property Taxes

The District's property taxes are levied each calendar year on all taxable real property located in the District. Property taxes are recorded on an accrual basis of accounting.

The County Assessor is responsible for assessment of all taxable real property within San Mateo County. Reassessment is on a three-year schedule established by the Assessor.

The County Clerk computes the annual tax for each parcel of real property and prepares tax books used by the County Collector as the basis for issuing tax bills to all taxpayers in the County.

Property taxes are collected by the County Collector and are submitted to the County Treasurer, who remits to each unit its respective share of the collections. Taxes levied in one year become due and payable in two installments during the following year generally on March 1st and August 30th.

The first installment is an estimated bill, and is approximately one-half of the prior year's tax bill. The second installment is based on the current levy, assessment, equalization, and certificate to limit levy, if any and any changes from the prior year will be reflected in the second installment bill. Taxes must be levied by the last Tuesday in December for the following collection year. The levy becomes an enforceable lien against the property as of January 1 of the levy year.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements, Continued

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

G. Accrued Vacation and Sick Leave

The liability for vested vacation pay is recorded as an expense when the vacation is earned. District employees have a vested interest of up to 240 hours of accrued vacation time and up to 120 days of accrued sick time for employees that retire and are hired prior to December 31, 1990. Employees hired after that date have a vested interest in up to 50% of their sick time up to 60 days, based upon retirement and time with the District.

H. Bond Issuance Costs

Debt issuance costs, except any portion related to prepaid insurance costs, are recognized as an expense in the period incurred. Prepaid insurance costs are reported as an asset and recognized as an expense in a systematic and rational manner over the duration of the related debt.

I. Implementation of GASB Statements 68 and 71 related to Pensions

The GASB issued Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27." The primary objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for pensions. It also improves information provided by state and local governmental employers about financial support for pensions that is provided by other entities. This Statement establishes accounting and financial reporting requirements related to pensions for governments whose employees are provided with pensions through pension plans that are covered by the scope of this Statement, as well as for nonemployer governments that have a legal obligation to contribute to those plans.

In addition, the GASB issued Statement No. 71, "Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date" The objective of this Statement is to address an issue regarding application of the transition provisions of Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions". The issue relates to amounts associated with contributions, if any, made by a state or local government employer or nonemployer contributing entity to a defined benefit pension plan after the measurement date of the government's beginning net pension liability.

In implementing these Statements, the District recognizes a net pension liability, which represents the District's proportionate share of the excess of the total pension liability over the fiduciary net position of the Plan reflected in an actuarial report provided by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). The net pension liability is measured as of the District's prior Plan year-end. Changes in the net pension liability are recorded, in the period incurred, as pension expense or as deferred inflows of resources or deferred outflows of resources depending on the nature of the change in the liability. The changes in net pension liability that are recorded as deferred inflows of resources or deferred outflows of resources (that arise from changes in actuarial assumptions or other inputs and differences between expected or actual experience) are amortized over the weighted average remaining service life of all participants in the respective pension plan and are recorded as a component of pension expense beginning with the period in which they are incurred.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements, Continued

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

I. Implementation of GASB Statements 68 and 71 related to Pensions, continued

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows or resources relating to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the District's pension plan with CalPERS and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefits terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

J. Comparative Data

Comparative data for the prior year has been presented in the accompanying financial statements in order to provide an understanding of changes in the District's financial position and operations.

K. Prior Period Adjustment

Due to the District's adoption of GASB 65 and 68, net position was adjusted at June 30, 2015. The following is a reconciliation of the total net position as previously reported at June 30, 2014, to the restated net position.

Net Position at June 30, 2014	\$ 37,148,654
Adjustment:	
Adoption of GASB 65, debt issuance costs	(126,639)
Adoption of GASB 68, pensions	(2,975,372)
Total Adjustments	(3,102,011)
Net Position at July 1, 2014, as adjusted	\$ 34,046,643

L. Reclassifications

Certain amounts from the prior year have been reclassified to conform to the current year's presentation.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements, Continued

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

A. Composition

The District's cash and temporary investments are carried at market value, and include:

			Bala	ince as of				
	FDIC insured		Not Rated		Fair Value		Jui	ne 30, 2014
Cash in bank	\$	250,000	\$	1,524,010	\$	1,774,010	\$	1,691,061
Petty Cash		-		430		430		430
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)				1,020,736		1,020,736		1,018,246
Total	\$	250,000	\$	2,545,176	\$	2,795,176	\$	2,709,737
Cincursial Statement massantation.								
Financial Statement presentation:								
Cash and investments					\$	2,147,297	\$	2,100,310
Restricted cash and investments						647,879		609,427
Total					\$	2,795,176	\$	2,709,737

California Law requires banks and savings and loan institutions to pledge government securities with a market value of 110% of the District's cash on deposit or first trust deed mortgage notes with a value of 150% of the District's cash on deposit as collateral for these deposits. Under California Law this collateral is held in an investment pool by an independent financial institution in the District's name and places the District ahead of general creditors of the institution pledging the collateral. The District has waived collateral requirements for the portion of deposits covered by federal deposit insurance.

The District's investments are carried at fair value, as required by generally accepted accounting principles. The District adjusts the carrying value of its investments to reflect their fair value at each fiscal year end, and it includes the effects of these adjustments in income for that fiscal year.

B. Authorized Investments

The District's Investment Policy and the California Government Code allow the District to invest in the following, provided the credit ratings of the issuers are acceptable to the District and approved percentages and maturities are not exceeded.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements, Continued

3. CASH AND INVESTMENTS, Continued

The table below also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code, or the District's Investment Policy where the District's Investment Policy is more restrictive.

		Maximum
	Maximum	Percentage
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	of Portfolio
California Local Agency Investment Fund	N/A	None
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	1 year	30%

C. Fair Value of Investments

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools, investments were stated at fair value using the aggregate method, which includes any adjustments in interest/investment income.

D. Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements

The District must maintain required amounts of cash and investments with trustees or fiscal agents under the terms of certain debt issues. These funds are unexpended bond proceeds or are pledged reserves to be used if the District fails to meet its obligations under these debt issues. The California Government Code requires these funds to be invested in accordance with District resolutions, bond indentures, or State statutes. The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for investments held by fiscal agents. The bond indentures contain no limitations for the maximum investment in any one issuer or the maximum percentage of the portfolio that may be invested in any one investment type.

	Maximum	Minimum
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	Credit Quality
U.S. Treasury Obligations	N/A	Aaa
U.S. Agency Securities	N/A	Aaa
Bankers' Acceptances	30 days	A-1
Commercial Paper	270 days	A-1+
Money Market Funds	N/A	Aam
Pre-Funded Municipal Obligations	N/A	AAA
Repurchase Agreements	270 days	A
State Direct General Obligations	N/A	AA Special
Revenue Bonds	N/A	AA
California Local Agency Investment Fund	N/A	None

Notes to Basic Financial Statements, Continued

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS, Continued

E. Interest Rate and Credit Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Normally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates.

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The District's only investments are in the California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) and in Money Market accounts which are not rated at June 30, 2015.

LAIF that is regulated by California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The District reports its investment in LAIF at the fair value amount provided by LAIF, which is the same as the value of the pool share. The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are maintained on an amortized cost basis. Included in LAIF's investment portfolio are collateralized mortgage obligations, mortgage-backed securities, other asset-backed securities, loans to certain state funds, and floating rate securities issued by federal agencies, government-sponsored enterprises, United States Treasury Notes and Bills, and corporations. At June 30, 2015, these investments matured in an average of 232 days.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements, Continued

3. CAPITAL ASSETS

Changes in capital assets and depreciation were as follows:

				Transfer/	
	July 1, 2014	ly 1, 2014 Additions		Deletions Adjustments	
Nondepreciable:					
Construction in progress	\$ 5,339,190	\$ 105,219	\$ -	\$ (2,325,540)	\$ 3,118,869
Utility Plant Nondepreciable:					
Land	\$ 160,613	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 160,613
Total Utility Plant nondepreciable assets	160,613				160,613
Utility Plant Depreciable:					
Source of supply	401,040	-	-	-	401,040
Transmission and distribution	16,965,966	343,560	-	4	17,309,530
Treatment plants and well field projects					
Acquired and constructed	11,224,776	227,589	-	1,422,828	12,875,193
Contributed	2,899,227	-	-	-	2,899,227
Pipelines and meters	10,938,292	198,040	-	659,157	11,795,489
Crystal Springs Project	21,751,383	-	-	243,550	21,994,933
Buildings and structures	591,613	135,470	(406,043)	-	321,040
Vehicles	788,531	19,059	-	-	807,590
Furniture and equipment	1,706,213	1,007,378			2,713,591
Total depreciable assets	67,267,041	1,931,096	(406,043)	2,325,539	71,117,633
Total utility plant at cost	67,427,654	1,931,096	(406,043)	2,325,539	71,278,246
Less: accumulated depreciation	(25,816,975)	(1,613,188)	365,442		(27,064,721)
Total utility plant (net)	41,610,679	317,908	(40,601)	2,325,539	44,213,525
Total capital assets	\$ 46,949,869	\$ 423,127	\$ (40,601)	\$ (1)	\$ 47,332,394

Notes to Basic Financial Statements, Continued

4. LONG-TERM DEBT

A. Long-Term Debt Activity

	Original Issue Amount	Balance July 1, 2014	Additions	Retirements	Balance June 30, 2015	Due Within One Year
2006B Water Revenue Bonds						
3.5-4.75%, due 10/01/32	7,295,000	6,040,000	-	(210,000)	5,830,000	215,000
Discount	(58,459)	(42,713)		2,248	(40,465)	(2,248)
Total Debt Issuances	7,236,541	5,997,287	-	(207,752)	5,789,535	212,752
CIEDB Enterprise Fund						
Installment Loan	6,756,500	6,458,573		(155,226)	6,303,347	159,557
Total	\$ 13,993,041	\$ 12,455,860	\$ -	\$ (362,978)	\$ 12,092,882	\$ 372,309
Amount due within one year		\$ 362,978			\$ 372,309	
Amount due after one year		12,092,882			11,720,573	
		\$ 12,455,860			\$ 12,092,882	

2006B Water Revenue Bonds

On June 1, 2006, the District issued Water Revenue Bonds, Series 2006B in an original principal amount of \$7,295,000 to finance and refinance certain public capital improvements. The bonds are payable from revenues of the District. The 2006B Bonds bear interest at 3.50% to 4.75% and require semiannual interest payments on October 1 and April 1 and annual principal payments on October 1, beginning October 1, 2007. A final installment is due October 1, 2032.

CIEDB Enterprise Fund Installment Loan

On October 10, 2011 the District obtained an installment loan up to \$6,756,500 from the California Infrastructure and Economic Development Bank (CIEDB) for the District's Denniston Creek Water Treatment Plant Improvements Project. All funds must be drawn by September 10, 2015. The loan has a 30 year term with a semiannual interest rate of 2.79% (plus a 0.3% annual fee) payable on August 1 and February 1, beginning February 1, 2013. Annual principal payments are due on August 1; beginning after the District withdraws the full \$6,756,500 or completes the project. The final installment is due August 1, 2041. On March 1, 2015, the District and CIEDB entered into The Replacement Agreement and reduced the interest rate to 2.54%. As at June 30, 2015, the outstanding balance of the loan was \$6,303,347.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements, Continued

4. LONG-TERM DEBT, Continued

B. Repayment Schedule

Future annual repayment requirements are as follows:

	Enterprise activities						
Year Ending June 30,	2006B Water Revenue Bonds		CIEDB Loan		Total		
	Principal	Discount	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2016	215,000	(2,248)	267,494	159,557	158,079	372,309	425,573
2017	225,000	(2,248)	258,553	164,009	153,969	386,761	412,522
2018	235,000	(2,248)	248,919	168,585	149,745	401,337	398,664
2019	245,000	(2,248)	238,566	173,288	145,404	416,040	383,970
2020	255,000	(2,248)	226,831	178,123	140,941	430,875	367,772
2021-2025	1,470,000	(11,240)	930,641	967,991	633,279	2,426,751	1,563,920
2026-2030	1,850,000	(11,240)	543,950	1,110,773	501,476	2,949,533	1,045,426
2031-2035	1,335,000	(6,745)	97,019	1,274,617	350,233	2,602,872	447,252
2036-2040	-	-	-	1,462,629	176,680	1,462,629	176,680
2041-2042	-	-	-	643,775	16,464	643,775	16,464
Total	\$ 5,830,000	\$ (40,465)	\$ 2,811,973	\$ 6,303,347	\$ 2,426,270	\$ 12,092,882	\$ 5,238,243
Due within one year	\$ 215,000	\$ (2,248)	\$ 267,494	\$ 159,557	\$ 158,079	\$ 372,309	\$ 425,573
Due after one year	5,615,000	(38,217)	2,544,479	6,143,790	2,268,191	11,720,573	4,812,670
Total	\$ 5,830,000	\$ (40,465)	\$ 2,811,973	\$ 6,303,347	\$ 2,426,270	\$ 12,092,882	\$ 5,238,243

5. CRYSTAL SPRINGS ASSESSMENT DISTRICT

The Crystal Springs Water Supply Project (CSP) constructed by the District was financed by purchasers of CSP water service connections who either paid cash for their water service connections or have agreed to place their properties in the Crystal Springs Assessment District, which was formed for the sole purpose of providing funding to construct the Project.

At June 30, 2010, the Assessment District had fully repaid the balance of its Limited Obligation Refunding Bonds, issued in 1999. Property owners were solely responsible for repayment of these Bonds. Security for the bonds was provided by a lien against each property to which a CSP water service connection is assigned. The County of San Mateo acted as the agent for the Assessment District, collecting assessments and forwarding bond payments to the Assessment District. The Assessment District was responsible for submitting monies collected by the County to a paying agent, which in turn paid the bond holders. In the event of non-payment of an assessment by a property owner, the District was responsible only for initiating foreclosure action on the property encumbered by the CSP assessment.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements, Continued

5. CRYSTAL SPRINGS ASSESSMENT DISTRICT, Continued

Since the District has never assumed any legal or moral liability to pay any of the Assessment District's bonded indebtedness, the District's financial statements do not include the Assessment District bonds or related balances. However, as the Assessment District's agent, the District uses the cash discussed in Note 2 A to make the required payments on the Assessment District Bonds or projects within the Assessment District with any remaining funds. At June 30, 2015, a final accounting for the District had not been performed and therefore residual balances remain on the District books for certain accounts.

6. NET POSITION

Net position at June 30, 2015 consisted of the following:

Description	alance as at one 30, 2015
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	\$ 35,239,512
Crystal Springs Project	410,341
Rate Stabilization Unrestricted (deficit)	 250,000 (914,924)
Total unrestricted net position	\$ 34,984,929

7. RISK MANAGEMENT AND SELF-INSURANCE

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, and natural disasters. The District is a member of the Association of California Water Agencies Joint Powers Insurance Authority (ACWA JPIA) and participates in the liability, property and workers' compensation programs.

Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Claim liabilities are calculated considering recent claim settlement trends including the frequency and amount of payouts and other economic and social factors. The liability for claims and judgments is reported in the general long-term debt account group because it is not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

The District's JPIA membership includes property coverage of \$1,000-\$101,000 per occurrence, \$51,000 - \$50,000,000 excess insurance fidelity coverage of \$1,000 to \$101,000 per occurrence, general liability/automobile coverage of \$500,000, and excess insurance of \$70 million with no self-insurance retention. Workers' compensation insurance is provided through JPIA with a \$350,000 per occurrence coverage.

As of June 30, 2015 there was no open claims for the District.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements, Continued

8. PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (PERS)

A. General Information about the Pension Plans

Plan Descriptions - All qualified full-time employees are eligible to participate in the District's Miscellaneous First Tier Plan, Miscellaneous Second Tier Plan, or PEPRA (The Plans), agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CaIPERS), which acts as a common investment and administrative agent for its participating member employers. Benefit provisions under the Plans are established by State statute and Local Government resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

Benefits Provided - CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The Plan's provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2015, are summarized as follows:

	Miscellaneous Plan				
	First Tier Second Tier PEP				
	Prior to	Prior to January 1,	On or after January 1,		
Hire date	August 14, 2010	2013	2013		
Benefit formula	2.5% @ 55	2% @ 60	2% @ 62		
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service	5 years of service		
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life	monthly for life		
Retirement age	50 - 55	50 - 63	52 - 67		
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	2% to 2.5%	1% to 2.5%	1% - 2.5%		
Required employee contribution rates	8%	7%	6.5%		

Notes to Basic Financial Statements, Continued

8. PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (PERS), Continued

A. General Information about the Pension Plans, Continued

Contributions - Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for the Plan is determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CaIPERS. The actuarially determined rate is based on the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The District is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the contributions recognized as part of pension expense for the Plan were as follows:

		Miscellaneous			
	First Tier		Second Tier		
Contributions - employer	\$	409,974	\$	5,887	
Contributions - employee (paid employer)		121,249		4,616	

The District's average required contribution rate was 25.9% of annual payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the District were \$415,861 for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2015, the District reported a net pension liability for its proportionate shares of the net pension liability of the Plan as follows:

	Proportionate Share		
	of Net Pension Liabil		
Miscellaneous First Tier	\$	2,620,634	
Miscellaneous Second Tier		266	
Total Net Pension Liability	\$	2,620,900	

Notes to Basic Financial Statements, Continued

8. PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (PERS), Continued

The District's net pension liability for the Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of the Plan is measured as of June 30, 2014, and the total pension liability for the Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013 rolled forward to June 30, 2014 using standard update procedures. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plan as of June 30, 2014 was as follows:

	Miscellaneous			
	First Tier	Second Tier		
Proportion - June 30, 2014	0.04212%	0.00000%		

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the District recognized pension expense of \$108,248. At June 30, 2015, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows	
	of i	Resources	of Resources	
Pension contributions paid to CalPERS subsequent to measurement date	\$	415,861	\$	-
Differences between actual and expected economic experience		-		-
Changes in assumptions		-		-
Change in employer's proportion and differences between the employer's contributions and the employer's proportionate share of the contributions		-		-
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments		-		(580,876)
Adjustments due to differences in proportions		-		(24,526)
Total	\$	415,861	\$	(605,402)

\$415,861 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2016.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements, Continued

8. PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (PERS), Continued

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	
June 30	
2016	\$ (153,977)
2017	(153,977)
2018	(152,226)
2019	(145,222)
2020	-
Thereafter	-

Actuarial Assumptions -The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2014 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Actuarial Assumptions	
Valuation date	June 30, 2013
Measurement date	June 30, 2014
Actuarial cost method	Entry-age normal cost method
Actuarial assumptions:	
Discount rate	7.5%
Inflation	2.75%
Salary increases	Varies by entry age and service
Investment Rate of Return	7.50% net pension plan investment and administrative expenses; includes inflation
Post-retirement benefit	Contract COLA up to 2.75% until purchasing power protection
increase	allowance floor on purchasing power applies, 2.75% thereafter.

The underlying mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS' specific data. The table includes 20 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale BB. For more details, please refer to the 2014 experience study report.

All other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2013 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the fiscal years 1997 to 2011, including updates to salary increase, mortality and retirement rates. The Experience Study can be obtained at CalPERS' website under Forms and Publications.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements, Continued

8. PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (PERS), Continued

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50 percent for the Plan. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for the plan, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing, none of the tested plans run out of assets. Therefore, the current 7.50 percent discount rate is adequate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not necessary. The long term expected discount rate of 7.50 percent will be applied to all plans in the Public Employees Retirement Fund (PERF). The stress test results are presented in a detailed report that can be obtained from the CalPERS website.

According to Paragraph 30 of Statement 68, the long-term discount rate should be determined without reduction for pension plan administrative expense. The 7.50 percent investment return assumption used in this accounting valuation is net of administrative expenses. Administrative expenses are assumed to be 15 basis points. An investment return excluding administrative expenses would have been 7.65 percent. Using this lower discount rate has resulted in a slightly higher total pension liability and net pension liability. CalPERS checked the materiality threshold for the difference in calculation and did not find it to be a material difference.

CalPERS is scheduled to review all actuarial assumptions as part of its regular Asset Liability Management (ALM) review cycle that is scheduled to be completed in February 2018. Any changes to the discount rate will require Board action and proper stakeholder outreach. For these reasons, CalPERS expects to continue using a discount rate net of administrative expenses for GASB 67 and 68 calculations through at least the 2017-18 fiscal year. CalPERS will continue to check the materiality of the difference in calculation until such time as we have changed our methodology.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Such cash flows were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements, Continued

8. PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (PERS), Continued

The table below reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

Asset Class	New Strategic Allocation	Real Return Years 1 - 10 ¹	Real Return Year 11+ ²	
Global Equity	47%	5.25%	5.71%	
Global Fixed Income	19%	0.99%	2.43%	
Inflation Sensitive	6%	0.45%	3.36%	
Private Equity	12%	6.83%	6.95%	
Real Estate	11%	4.50%	5.13%	
Infrastructure and Forestland	3%	4.50%	5.09%	
Liquidity	2%	-0.55%	-1.05%	

- (1) An expected inflation of 2.5% used for this period.
- (2) An expected inflation of 3.0% used for this period.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plan, calculated using the discount rate for Plan, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Current					
	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase	
		(6.50%)		(7.50%)		(8.50%)
Miscellaneous - First Tier	\$	4,090,004	\$	2,620,634	\$	1,401,197
Miscellaneous - Second Tier		475		266		93
Net Pension Liability as of				_		
June 30, 2015	\$	4,090,479	\$	2,620,900	\$	1,401,290

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position -Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

Payable to the Pension Plans - At June 30, 2015, the District reported a payable of \$24,809 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements, Continued

9. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Plan Description

The District provides health insurance benefits through the Association of California Water Agencies (ACWA) Blue Cross plan or the District's plan through Kaiser Permanente (small business plan) to employees who retire. The District pays for one-party medical, dental and vision premiums for retirees. The medical and vision benefits are paid for life and the dental benefits are paid until age 65. Employees hired after November 14, 2006 will receive 50% of the benefits. Employees hired after November 1, 2008 are not eligible for post-employment health benefits.

Eligibility: Employees (and their dependents) are eligible to access retiree healthcare benefits if they retire from the District on or after age 55 (service retirement) with at least 15 years of service (service and disability retirement) and the employee must submit the retirement application within 120 days of separation and are eligible for a PERS pension. Membership of the plan consisted of the following at June 30, 2015:

Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits	7
Other participants fully eligible for benefits	5
Other participants not yet fully eligible for benefits (hired prior to 11/14/2006)	8
Other participants not yet fully eligible for 50% benefits (hired after to 11/14/2006)	3
Participants not eligible for benefits (hired on or after 11/1/2008)	3
Total	26

Funding Policy

The District pays for its other postemployment benefit (OPEB) obligation on a pay-as-you-go basis (i.e., as insurance premiums become due).

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The District's annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on the *annual required contribution of* the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements, Continued

9. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS, continued

The following table shows the components of the District's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and the changes in the District's net OPEB obligation for these benefits:

Annual required contribution *	\$	246,000
Interest on net OPEB obligation		-
Adjustment to annual required contribution		-
Annual OPEB cost (expense)		246,000
Contributions made (premiums paid)		(66,134)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	\$	179,866
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year	\$	456,029
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$	635,895
* Annual required contribution is based on projected numbers from the actuarial report as of		
January 1, 2015 dated October 23, 2015.		-

This is the third year that the District is following the reporting requirements of GASB 45, *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Post Employment Benefits Other Than Pension Plans*. The District has elected to implement GASB 45 prospectively and therefore shows no OPEB obligation at transition. The District's annual OPEB cost (expense) is equal to the ARC, and the net OPEB obligation for 2015 and the two preceding years were as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	Annual OPEB Cost	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation (Asset)
6/30/2013	235,670	41%	295,623
6/30/2014	246,000	35%	456,029
6/30/2015	179,866	37%	635,895

Plan Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of January 1, 2015, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 0% funded. The Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) for benefits was \$2,607,448, and the actuarial value of assets was zero dollars, resulting in an Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) of \$2,607,448. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$1,465,568 and the ratio of UAAL to the covered payroll was 178%.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements, Continued

9. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS, continued

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the profitability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefits costs between the employer and the plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used included techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long term perspective of the calculations. The actuarial valuation was performed in January of 2015 based upon June 30, 2014 amounts.

The actuarial cost method used for determining the benefit obligations is the projected unit credit actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.5% investment rate of return, which is the expected long-term rate of return on the District's pooled investments (per GASB 43/45 guidelines for this assumption), and an annual cost trend rate of 4% for medical costs and a 2.75% general inflation assumption. The UAAL is being amortized using a level dollar method over 30 years with no election as to an open or closed basis at this time.

10. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The District is subject to general risk and exposure due to normal operations in the course of business. These risks involve various claims against the District, both asserted and unasserted, all of which management considers to be immaterial to these financial statements.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements, Continued

11. NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

The GASB has issued Statement No. 72, "Fair Value Measurement and Application". The objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by clarifying the definition of fair value for financial reporting purposes, establishing general principles for measuring fair value, providing additional fair value application guidance, and enhancing disclosures about fair value measurements. These improvements are based in part on the concepts and definitions established in Concepts Statement No. 6, Measurement of Elements of Financial Statements, and other relevant literature. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2015.

The GASB has issued Statement No. 73, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68". The objective of this Statement is to improve the usefulness of information about pensions included in the general purpose external financial reports of state and local governments for making decisions and assessing accountability. This Statement results from a comprehensive review of the effectiveness of existing standards of accounting and financial reporting for all postemployment benefits with regard to providing decision-useful information, supporting assessments of accountability and inter-period equity, and creating additional transparency. This Statement establishes requirements for defined benefit pensions that are not within the scope of Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions", as well as for the assets accumulated for purposes of providing those pensions. In addition, it establishes requirements for defined contribution pensions that are not within the scope of Statement 68. It also amends certain provisions of Statement No. 67, "Financial Reporting for Pension Plans", and Statement 68 for pension plans and pensions that are within their respective scopes.

The requirements of this Statement that address accounting and financial reporting by employers and governmental non-employer contributing entities for pensions that are not within the scope of Statement 68 are effective for financial statements for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2016, and the requirements of this Statement that address financial reporting for assets accumulated for purposes of providing those pensions are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2015. The requirements of this Statement for pension plans that are within the scope of Statement 67 or for pensions that are within the scope of Statement 68 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2015.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements, Continued

11. NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS, continued

The GASB has issued Statement No. 74, "Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans". The objective of this Statement is to improve the usefulness of information about postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB) included in the general purpose external financial reports of state and local governmental OPEB plans for making decisions and assessing accountability. This Statement results from a comprehensive review of the effectiveness of existing standards of accounting and financial reporting for all postemployment benefits (pensions and OPEB) with regard to providing decision-useful information, supporting assessments of accountability and inter-period equity, and creating additional transparency. This Statement replaces Statements No. 43, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans. It also includes requirements for defined contribution OPEB plans that replace the requirements for those OPEB plans in Statement No. 25, Financial Reporting for Defined Benefit Pension Plans and Note Disclosures for Defined Contribution Plans, as amended, Statement 43, and Statement No. 50, Pension Disclosures. Effective Date: The provisions in Statement 74 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2016.

The GASB has issued Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions". The primary objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB). It also improves information provided by state and local governmental employers about financial support for OPEB that is provided by other entities. This Statement results from a comprehensive review of the effectiveness of existing standards of accounting and financial reporting for all postemployment benefits (pensions and OPEB) with regard to providing decision-useful information, supporting assessments of accountability and inter-period equity, and creating additional transparency. This Statement replaces the requirements of Statements No. 45, "Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions", as amended, and No. 57, "OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans", for OPEB. Statement No. 74, "Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans", establishes new accounting and financial reporting requirements for OPEB plans. The provisions in Statement 75 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements, Continued

11. NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS, continued

The GASB has issued Statement No. 76, "The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments". The objective of this Statement is to identify—in the context of the current governmental financial reporting environment—the hierarchy of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The "GAAP hierarchy" consists of the sources of accounting principles used to prepare financial statements of state and local governmental entities in conformity with GAAP and the framework for selecting those principles. This Statement reduces the GAAP hierarchy to two categories of authoritative GAAP and addresses the use of authoritative and non-authoritative literature in the event that the accounting treatment for a transaction or other event is not specified within a source of authoritative GAAP. This Statement supersedes Statement No. 55, "The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments". The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2015, and should be applied retroactively.

The GASB has issued Statement No. 77, "Tax Abatement Disclosures". This information is intended, among other things, to assist these users of financial statements in assessing (1) whether a government's current-year revenues were sufficient to pay for current-year services (known as interperiod equity), (2) whether a government complied with finance-related legal and contractual obligations, (3) where a government's financial resources come from and how it uses them, and (4) a government's financial position and economic condition and how they have changed over time. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2015.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Coastside County Water District Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of Contributions Miscellaneous First Tier Plan

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	 2014
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 383,606
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	 (383,606)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,506,650
Contribution as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	25.46%

¹⁾ Covered employee payroll represents compensation earnable and pensionable compensation. Only compensation earnable and pensionable compensation that would possibly go into the determination of retirement benefits are included.

^{* -} Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore only the first two years were available.

Coastside County Water District Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of Contributions Miscellaneous Second Tier Plan

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	 2014
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 5,408
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	 (5,408)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 55,879
Contribution as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	9.68%

¹⁾ Covered employee payroll represents compensation earnable and pensionable compensation. Only compensation earnable and pensionable compensation that would possibly go into the determination of retirement benefits are included.

^{* -} Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore only the first two years were available.

Coastside County Water District

Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

Miscellaneous First Tier Plan

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

		2014	
Plan's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset)		0.04212%	
Plan's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$	2,620,634	
Plan's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	1,506,650	
Plan's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll		173.94%	
Plan's Proportionate Share of the Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Plan's Total Pension Liability		76.34%	
Plan's Proportionate Share of Aggregate Employer Contribution	\$	228,646	

¹⁾ Covered employee payroll represents compensation earnable and pensionable compensation. Only compensation earnable and pensionable compensation that would possibly go into the determination of retirement benefits are included.

^{* -} Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore only the first year was available.

Coastside County Water District

Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

Miscellaneous Second Tier Plan

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

		2014	
Plan's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset)		0.00000%	
Plan's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$	266	
Plan's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	55,879	
Plan's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll		0.48%	
Plan's Proportionate Share of the Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Plan's Total Pension Liability		83.07%	
Plan's Proportionate Share of Aggregate Employer Contribution	\$	35	

¹⁾ Covered employee payroll represents compensation earnable and pensionable compensation. Only compensation earnable and pensionable compensation that would possibly go into the determination of retirement benefits are included.

^{* -} Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore only the first year was available.

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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Directors Coastside County Water District Half Moon Bay, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standard generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Coastside County Water District (District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Coastside County Water District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 29, 2016.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control of the District' internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we considered to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that we have not identified.

To the Board of Directors of the Coastside County Water District Half Moon Bay, California Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

January 29, 2016

JJACPA, Inc. JJACPA, Inc. Dublin, CA